

# Shelter/CCCM Cluster Update

## Rakhine

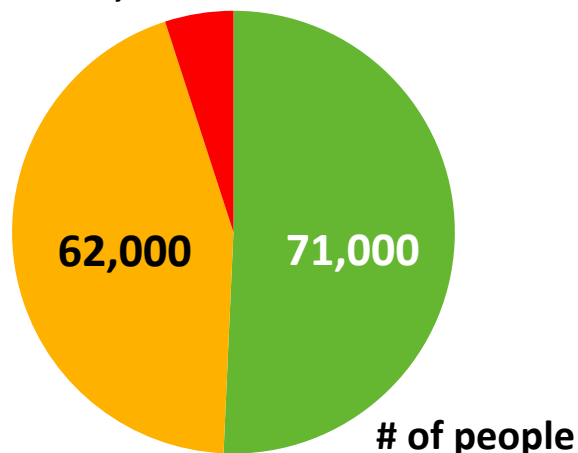
Yangon, 17 June 2013



**Myanmar Shelter Cluster**  
ShelterCluster.org  
Coordinating Humanitarian Shelter

# Shelter coverage in Rakhine

7,000



■ Completed shelter ■ Not completed ■ Gap

140,000 people have been displaced in Rakhine.

- Shelter construction has sped up dramatically. By the middle of June, more than 1,400 shelters have been built. By the end of July, that number should double and all planned shelters should be completed.
- The “gap” represents a group of people for whom a shelter solution still has to be found. However, a lot of progress has recently been made to address this issue.



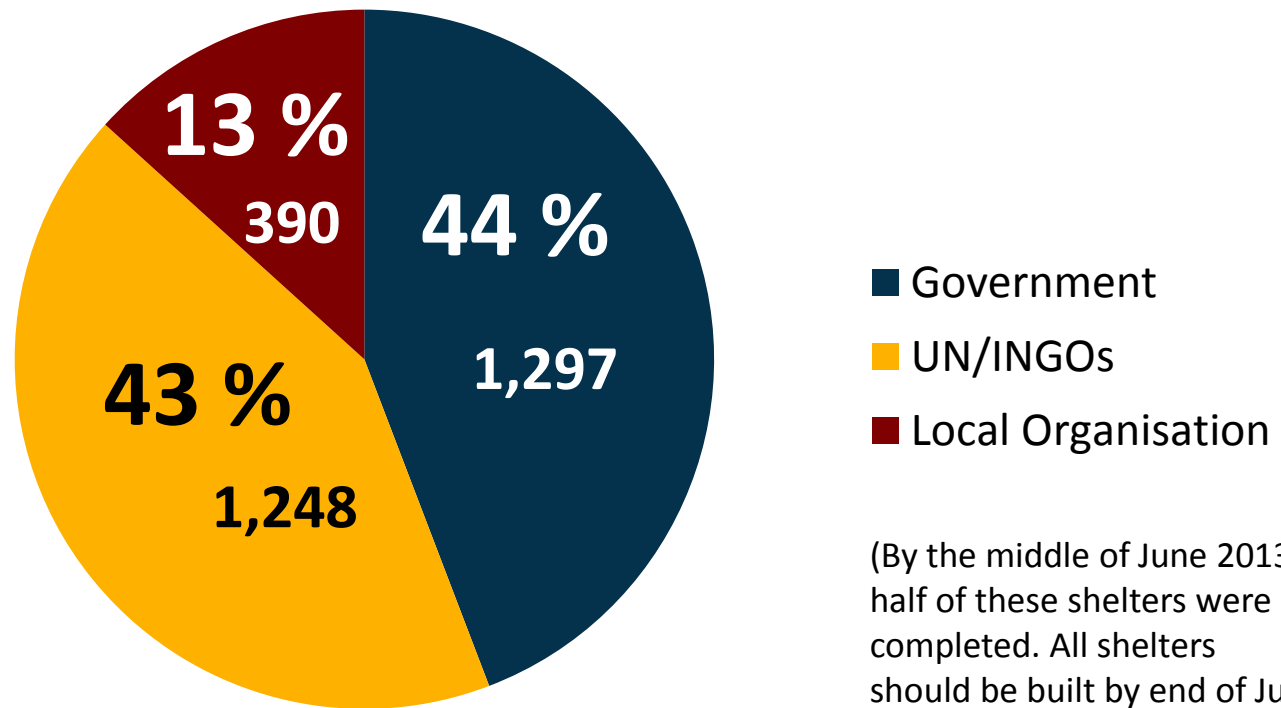
Myebon camp, March 2013

3 months



Myebon camp, June 2013

# Temporary Shelter Commitment in Rakhine by Agency (15 June 2013)



## Rakhine State Government

### National:

Myanmar Resource Foundation (MRF)  
Myanmar Red Cross Society (MRCS)  
Service City

### International:

UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)  
Danish Refugee Council (DRC)  
Care International (Care)  
World Food Program (WFP)  
Islamic Relief Worldwide (IRW)  
Muslim Aid UK (MAUK)  
Aksi Cepat Tanggap (ACT)

# Main challenge in Rakhine: camp management

## < 1 USD / person

*The current funding for on-going camp management activities is only 100,000 USD.*



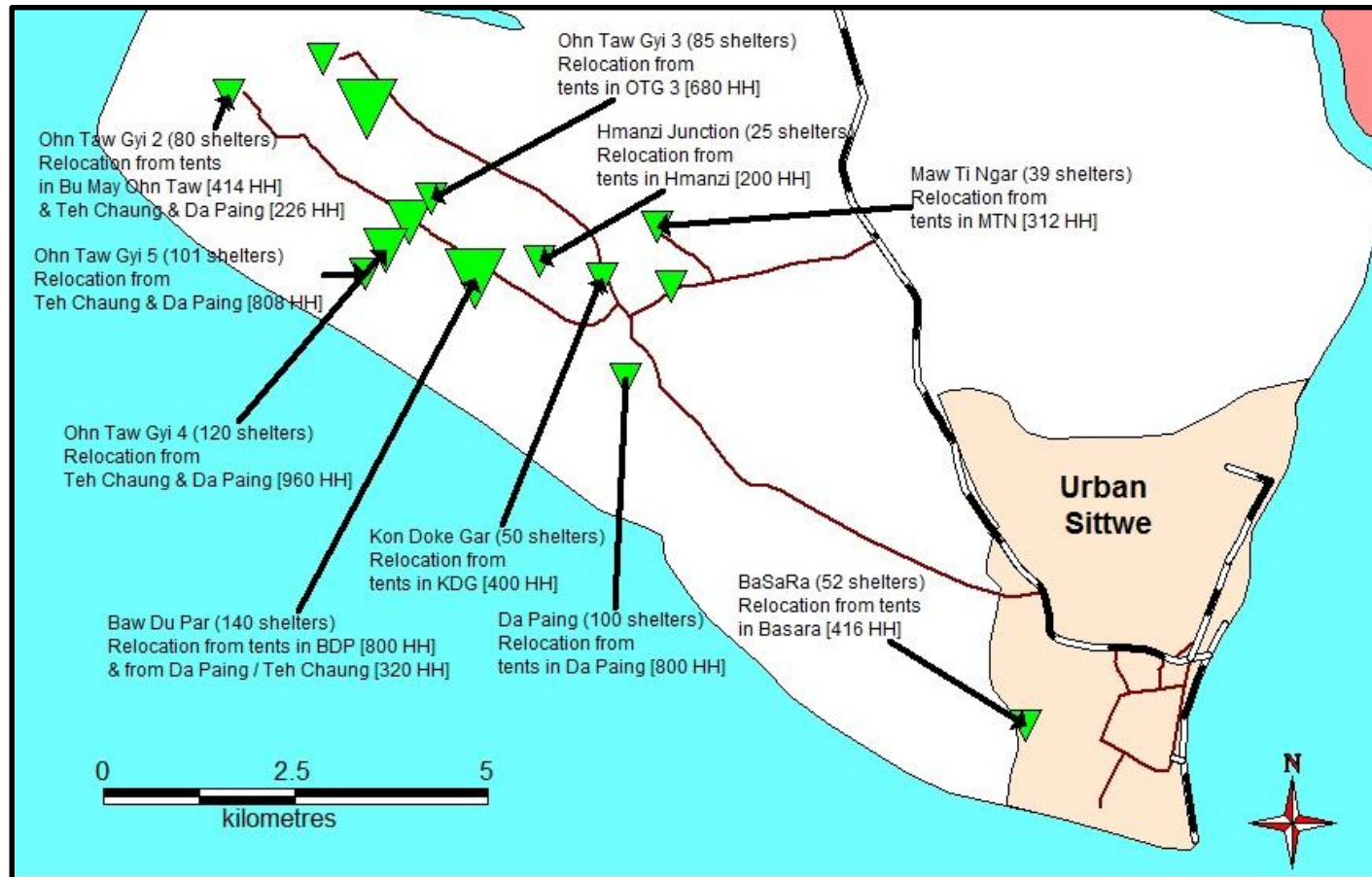
*Better living conditions through functioning camp management despite insufficient shelter.*



*Overall worse living conditions through lack of camp management despite good quality shelters.*

- **CCCM needs at least 1 million USD to cover critical, immediate needs for the next six months.**
- Unless CCCM is adequately funded, the camps will quickly deteriorate over the rainy season and conditions will become intolerable.
- It cannot be in the interest of donors to have “nice” shelters in squalid camps.
- While the construction of these camps is a life-saving measure, durable shelter and settlement solutions need to be found quickly, to avoid permanent segregation.

# Sittwe Relocation Plan by the Government (June 2013)



Cluster members are still very concerned about the risk of camps becoming the first step towards ethnic segregation. However, not supporting these camps would certainly have resulted in the loss of lives.